

## 152. 不定積分③

$$(1) \frac{1}{6(6x+7)\sqrt[3]{6x+7}} + C \quad (2) \frac{27}{5}x^5 - \frac{27}{2}x^4 + 12x^3 - 4x^2 + C \quad (3) -\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{3}{2(x-1)^2} + C$$

$$(4) \frac{2}{5}(x+2)^2\sqrt{x+2} - \frac{4}{3}(x+2)\sqrt{x+2} + C \quad (5) \tan x + \frac{1}{3}\tan^3 x + C$$

$$(6) \log|\log x + 1| - \frac{1}{\log x + 1} + C \quad (C \text{ はいずれも積分定数})$$

次の不定積分を求めよ。

$$(1) \int \sqrt[3]{6x+7} dx = \int (6x+7)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx = \frac{1}{6}(6x+7)^{\frac{4}{3}} + C = \frac{1}{6(6x+7)\sqrt[3]{6x+7}} + C$$

$$(2) \int x(3x-2)^3 dx = \int (27x^4 - 54x^3 + 36x^2 - 8x) dx = \frac{27}{5}x^5 - \frac{27}{2}x^4 + 12x^3 - 4x^2 + C$$

$$(3) \int \frac{x+2}{(x-1)^3} dx = \int \frac{(x-1)+3}{(x-1)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} dx + \int \frac{3}{(x-1)^3} dx = \int (x-1)^{-2} dx + 3 \int (x-1)^{-3} dx$$

$$= -(x-1)^{-1} - \frac{3}{2}(x-1)^{-2} + C = -\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{3}{2(x-1)^2} + C$$

$$(4) \int x\sqrt{x+2} dx$$

$x+2=t$  とおくと  $dx=dt$  であり

$$\int x\sqrt{x+2} dx = \int (t-2)\sqrt{t} dt = \int \left( t^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2t^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) dt = \frac{2}{5}t^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4}{3}t^{\frac{3}{2}} + C = \frac{2}{5}(x+2)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4}{3}(x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

$$= \frac{2}{5}(x+2)^2\sqrt{x+2} - \frac{4}{3}(x+2)\sqrt{x+2} + C$$

$$(5) \int \frac{dx}{\cos^4 x} = \int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \int (1 + \tan^2 x) \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx + \int \frac{\tan^2 x}{\cos^2 x} dx \quad \cdots (*)$$

ここで,  $\int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \tan x + C_1$

$\int \frac{\tan^2 x}{\cos^2 x} dx$  は  $\tan x = t$  とおくと  $\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = dt$  であるから

$$\int \frac{\tan^2 x}{\cos^2 x} dx = \int t^2 dt = \frac{1}{3}t^3 + C_2 = \frac{1}{3}\tan^3 x + C_2$$

よって  $(*) = \tan x + \frac{1}{3}\tan^3 x + C$

$$(6) \int \frac{\log x}{x(\log x - 1)^2} dx$$

$\log x = t$  とおくと  $\frac{1}{x} dx = dt$  であり

$$\int \frac{\log x}{x(\log x - 1)^2} dx = \int \frac{t}{(t-1)^2} dt$$

$t-1 = s$  とおくと  $dt = ds$  であり

$$\int \frac{t}{(t-1)^2} dt = \int \frac{s+1}{s^2} ds = \int \left( \frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right) ds = \log |s| - \frac{1}{s} + C$$

$$= \log |t+1| - \frac{1}{t+1} + C = \log |\log x + 1| - \frac{1}{\log x + 1} + C$$